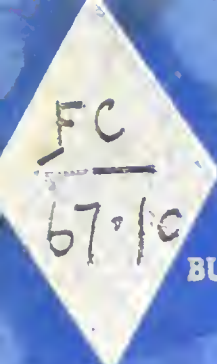


199/8



BURGH OF



GREENOCK

HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1950
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1947

**HOUSING and . . .
TOWN PLANNING
. . . . SURVEY**

14th OCTOBER, 1957 — 24th DECEMBER, 1957

**REPORT
ON SURVEY**

by

A. M. M. Connell, F.R.San.I.

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR

BURGH OF



GREENOCK

HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1950
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1947

HOUSING and . . .
TOWN PLANNING
. SURVEY

14th OCTOBER, 1957 — 24th DECEMBER, 1957


REPORT
ON SURVEY

by

A. M. M. Connell, F.R.San I.

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2016 with funding from
Wellcome Library

<https://archive.org/details/b28714490>

CORPORATION OF GREENOCK

Sanitary Department,
Municipal Buildings,
Greenock.

April, 1958.

To:—

THE PROVOST, MAGISTRATES & COUNCILLORS
OF THE BURGH OF GREENOCK.

Mr Provost, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Housing (Scotland) Act, 1950

Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act, 1947

Housing and Town Planning Survey

In terms of your remit to me I organised and arranged the carrying out of a Survey of the Burgh for housing and town planning purposes during the period 14th October, 1957 to 24th December, 1957, this being exactly four years after the previous survey which was carried out during the period 14th October to 5th December, 1953.

A temporary staff of 36 enumerators were employed, three of whom were appointed Supervisory Enumerators. With the exception of 12, all had been paid off by the 17th December, 1957. The excepted 12 were paid off on 24th December, 1957 since the remaining inside work, so far as they were concerned, had been completed.

The field work of the survey was completed considering all the circumstances expeditiously which reflects credit on the staff involved and in particular on Mr William Taylor, Chief Clerk in my Department. All members of the staff, both permanent and temporary, did discharge their duties in a loyal and conscientious manner.

I trust that you will find the report as interesting as was the work of its compilation.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

A. M. M. CONNELL,

Chief Sanitary Inspector.

INTRODUCTION

On this occasion the survey was carried out in order that the Corporation should have up to date information relating to the housing and planning needs of the burgh available to enable them to assess and measure the problems connected with the general housing and planning position within the burgh and to allow a review of the Burgh Development Plan taking place.

A survey of this nature and the information obtained therefrom is invaluable to the Corporation as it not only allows them to assess the present needs of the burgh but also allows them to measure the improvement made in the housing of the people within the burgh. This is the second comprehensive survey for housing and town planning purposes and it is the third for assessing the housing position of the burgh since I took up office.

As already indicated the field survey was carried out by a temporary staff of 36 enumerators. The personnel were divided into three teams each under a Supervisory Enumerator, each team being responsible for obtaining the necessary information in respect of the wards allocated to them. The information was obtained on survey forms which were in duplicate, and after being coded the original forms were subject to an overall check by the District Sanitary Inspectors. On this being completed the duplicate forms were sent to Messrs Powers Samas Accounting Machines Ltd., Newcastle-on-Tyne for completion of the necessary punched cards.

The work of extracting the actual information from the completed punched card commenced on 10th January in my office and by 18th April all the tables required had been extracted and checked in readiness for this report.

A survey of this magnitude involving the survey of 21,585 houses cannot, even with the employment of temporary staff, be carried out without some upset in the routine work of the Department since there is certain work, including overall checking of forms and assessment of the individual cases' requirements, which must be carried out by my qualified and trained personnel.

I have divided the report into five parts as follows:—

- (1) Housing.
- (2) Comparisons.
- (3) Age grouping and family structure.
- (4) Working population etc.
- (5) Summary and recommendations.

Appended to the report are tables which give the details dealt with in the report ward by ward. I have to point out that the following abbreviations are used in this report.

Abbreviation		Refers to
Class 1 houses	...	Habitable houses.
Class 2 houses	...	Houses falling below a reasonable standard.
Class 3 houses	...	Houses considered to be uninhabitable.
1950 Act standard	...	Standard of overcrowding fixed by the Housing (Scotland) Act, 1950.
1944 standard	...	Standard recommended by the Secretary of State for Scotland in 1944 for rehousing purposes of not more than two persons irrespective of age occupying each room, excluding the living room.

PART I

HOUSING

Houses Surveyed

The table which follows shows in detail the number, sizes and class of houses surveyed together with the totals obtained at the 1953 and 1949 surveys for comparative purposes.

CLASS	SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1	102	2,104	6,969	4,223	1,266	963	15,627
2	238	2,385	885	129	20	13	3,670
3	401	1,478	338	51	15	5	2,288
Total	741	5,967	8,192	4,403	1,301	981	21,585
Total at 1953	994	6,438	7,309	3,551	1,278	963	20,533
Total at 1949	1,201	6,799	7,043	2,686	1,133	918	19,780

In comparing the totals it will be seen that the number of houses within the Burgh has been increased by 1,052 from 1953 and by 1,805 from 1949. I would direct your attention to the decrease in the number of one and two apartment houses and the increase in the number of larger size houses.

Overcrowding

This section relates only to overcrowding existing in habitable houses and houses falling below a reasonable standard. No account is taken here of the overcrowding existing in houses classified as uninhabitable as these are dealt with in the section

of the report relating to uninhabitable houses. It must also be pointed out that statutorily only houses of an annual rental of £45 and under are affected so far as overcrowding and abatement of overcrowding are concerned. The figures which follow relate only to this class of house.

In the case of houses over £45 annual rental the Local Authority's interest is in providing for the sub-tenant families residing therein.

As a result of the survey it was found that 1,404 houses or 6.5% were found to be overcrowded as compared with 2,226 or 11% at the previous survey carried out in 1953 and 2,800 or 14% at the 1949 survey. At the survey carried out in 1945 by my predecessor the number found to be overcrowded was 5,063 or 29.6%.

It can be claimed, therefore, that the Corporation have accomplished a great deal in the way of reducing the incidence of overcrowding in the Burgh and that the problem is being brought under control.

The following table gives in detail the number and sizes of houses overcrowded.

SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
75	676	536	101	15	1	1,404

Reasons for Overcrowding

An analyses of the overcrowding and the reasons therefor show that the over-crowding is due—

	1953	1949
in 1,046 instances to size of tenant's family	1,490	2,045
in 336 instances to presence of sub-tenants	678	678
in 18 instances to presence of lodgers	54	26
in 4 instances to sex separation	2	4
in — instances to size of tenant's family and presence of sub-tenants	2	47

The figures given in respect of the surveys at 1953 and 1949 when compared with the present survey show the improvement effected in the period between the three surveys. It is also a measure of the Local Authority's policy in reducing the incidence of overcrowding in the Burgh and incidentally in the individual houses and it again proves that the steps taken to control the problem have been effective.

Housing Requirements—Abatement of Overcrowding.

The number and sizes of houses required to abate overcrowding are shown in the following table together with the requirements existing at the surveys of 1953, 1949 and 1945 for com-

parative purposes and to enable a measurement of the improvement which has taken place. It should be noted that in assessing the requirements so far as the provision of housing accommodation is concerned only the 1944 standard is used.

	SIZE OF HOUSE REQUIRED						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1957 Tenants	—	5	328	386	239	110	1,068
Sub-tenants	1	67	239	56	7	—	370
	1	72	567	442	246	110	1,438
1953 Tenants and Sub-tenants	2	158	1,021	684	306	142	2,313
1949 Tenants and Sub-tenants	2	196	1,150	958	421	176	2,903
1945 Tenants and Sub-tenants	502	1,018	2,079	1,358	339	39	5,335

This table shows that the number of houses required for this purpose has been reduced by 875 from 1953 and by 1,465 from 1949. It will also be seen that the reduction which has taken place since the 1945 survey is 3,897. As a result it is evident that the policy of the Local Authority in abating overcrowding has been effective.

1944 Standard—Incidence of overcrowding and abatement of overcrowding

The table which follows shows the extent to which overcrowding would increase if the above standard was applied as the overcrowding standard. I have given in brackets the figures on the 1950 Act standard to enable an easy comparison to be made.

For comparative purposes the position as shown following the surveys of 1953, 1949 and 1945 are given. Again the full effect of the Corporation's policy in abating overcrowding is to be seen.

SURVEY	SIZE AND NO. OF HOUSES OVERCROWDED						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1945	629	4,273	2,689	772	104	12	8,479
1949	256	2,840	2,258	712	174	7	6,247
1953	196	2,552	2,021	735	175	4	5,683
1957	138	2,030	1,792	646	134	4	4,744
1950 Act Standard	(75)	(676)	(536)	(101)	(15)	(1)	(1,404)

The following table shows the number of houses which would be required to abate overcrowding if the above standard was the standard of overcrowding. I have shown the figures relating to the three previous surveys for comparative purposes. The figures in brackets show the number of houses required to abate overcrowding in terms of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1950 in order that a comparison can be made between the two standards.

SURVEY	SIZE AND NO. OF DWELLING-HOUSES REQUIRED TO ABATE OVERCROWDING						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1945	—	853	3,718	2,810	1,194	459	9,034
1949	4	471	2,685	2,162	835	339	6,496
1953	5	417	2,645	1,787	754	279	5,887
1957	—	257	2,036	1,518	722	249	4,782
1950 Act Standard	(1)	(72)	(567)	(442)	(246)	(110)	(1,438)

Reasons for Overcrowding

The reasons for the overcrowding existing when the 1944 standard is applied shows that the overcrowding is due in—

	1953	1949
4,004 instances to size of tenant's family ...	4,484	5,010
667 instances to presence of sub-tenants ...	1,051	1,032
55 instances to presence of lodgers ...	114	61
18 instances to both tenant's and sub-tenant's families ...	34	144

Non-overcrowded Houses and Houses over £45 Annual Rental

It was found that at the present survey there were 932 sub-tenant families residing in houses which were not overcrowded in terms of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1950 while 43 were residing in houses over £45 annual rental, a total of 975 compared with 1,264 at 1953 and 1,183 at 1949. The number and sizes of houses required to rehouse these families is seen from the following table.

TYPE OF HOUSE	SIZE OF HOUSE REQUIRED						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
Non-overcrowded	7	390	476	57	2	—	932
Over £45 Annual Rental	1	21	19	2	—	—	43
Totals	8	411	495	59	2	—	975

The reduction in size of house required reflects the reduction in size of the sub-tenant family generally speaking which in turn reflects the fact that the Local Authority have been re-housing sub-tenant families at an increased rate.

Uninhabitable Houses

As at the previous surveys the opportunity was taken to review the classification of all the houses within the Burgh so far as habitability is concerned. Before considering the figures shown in the following table it would be as well to point out that following on the 1949 survey the Corporation altered their policy to ensure that the uninhabitable house was being dealt with. That this policy was a wise one is confirmed by the decrease in the number of uninhabitable houses which has taken place in the intervening period.

SURVEY	SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1949	750	2,243	440	45	15	5	3,498
1953	608	1,912	389	44	12	4	2,969
1957	401	1,478	338	51	15	5	2,288

It will be seen from the foregoing table that the total number of uninhabitable houses is 2,288 which is a decrease of 681 from the 1953 survey figure and of 1,210 from the 1949 figure. The reporting of such a decrease is indeed a pleasure since it not only shows the effect of the local policy in this respect but means that—

- (1) there is an increase in the number of families adequately and satisfactorily housed;
- (2) there is more control of major and minor nuisances resulting from the removal of uninhabitable houses; and
- (3) there is improvement in environmental hygiene resulting from the closing of these insanitary and uninhabitable houses.

There should be no need to emphasise the fact that the policy in dealing with such houses should continue since the figures given speak for themselves.

Of the total uninhabitable houses 513 were found to be overcrowded as compared with 1,034 at 1953 and 1,419 at 1949 which shows that considerable improvement has taken place.

In the table which follows the reasons for the overcrowding existing are given together with the comparative figures as at the 1953 and 1949 surveys respectively.

Survey	Tenant	Sub-tenant	Lodgers	Sex Separation	Tenant and Sub-tenant	TOTAL
1957	443	67	4	—	—	513
1953	847	160	19	7	1	1,034
1949	1,240	159	6	7	7	1,419

It was found at the present survey that there were 129 sub-tenants residing in unfit houses as compared with 256 at the 1953 survey and 284 at 1949.

Rehousing Requirements of Families Residing in Unfit Houses

In the following table are given the number of houses required to rehouse all the families residing in unfit houses. It should be noted that included in the total number of unfit houses are 69 houses which at the time of the survey were empty or wholly sub-let. These houses have been ignored so far as tenant's requirements are concerned and in the case of those wholly sublet no provision is made since the tenant was not residing in the house. The sub-tenant's requirements, however, have been taken into consideration in assessing the total requirements.

FAMILY	SIZE OF HOUSE REQUIRED						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
Tenants	448	592	940	211	22	6	2,219
Sub-tenants	2	53	69	5	—	—	129
Total	450	645	1,009	216	22	6	2,348

The total number of houses required for the above purpose at the 1953 and 1949 surveys was 3,125 and 3,782 respectively which reflects the improvement which has taken place.

Assessment of Net Requirements—Provision of New Houses

I have shown in the foregoing sections of this report the requirements under each heading of the housing problem so that the method adopted in arriving at the figures given in the following table might be better understood. The term "houses rendered vacant" refers to fit houses which will be rendered vacant by decrowding operations. Such houses can be used in meeting the requirements of some of the families for whom provision must be made.

The table which follows shows the gross as well as the net housing requirements. It will be noted that the gross figure on this occasion is 4,761 a decrease of 1,994 from the 1953 survey when the total was 6,775 and 3,396 from the 1949 total of 8,157. The net number of houses required after making allowance for

families being accommodated in houses which will be rendered vacant is 3,693 compared with 5,207 at the 1953 survey, a decrease of 1,514. At the 1949 survey the total net housing requirements was 6,035 which means that the present figure shows a decrease of 2,342 from the one obtaining at that time.

HOUSES REQUIRED TO	SIZE OF HOUSE REQUIRED						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6+	
Abate overcrowding	1	72	567	442	246	110	1,438
Rehouse families in unfit houses	450	645	1,009	216	22	6	2,348
Rehouse sub-tenants in non-overcrowded houses and houses over £45 annual rental	8	411	495	59	2	—	975
Totals	459	1,128	2,071	717	270	116	4,761
Deduct houses rendered vacant	67	527	398	70	6	—	1,068
New houses required	392	601	1,673	647	264	116	3,693

From the figures given it is evident that a considerable improvement has taken place which reflects credit on the Corporation in its efforts to provide better housing accommodation for families living under unsatisfactory housing conditions.

Sub-tenants

It is indeed pleasing to report that the number of sub-tenant families within the Burgh shows a decrease. The total number of such families found to be residing in the Burgh at the survey under review was 1,474 which shows a decrease of 813 from the total at 1953.

In the following table I give the number of sub-tenants residing in each ward of the Burgh together with the figures relating to the two previous surveys for comparative purposes.

SURVEY	NUMBER OF SUB-TENANTS RESIDING IN WARD									TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1957	290	195	129	104	162	117	98	102	277	1,474
1953	427	261	211	196	293	250	189	154	306	2,287
1949	407	223	202	222	334	258	189	179	261	2,275

Degree and Extent of Sub-letting

As reported in the foregoing section of this report the position with regard to sub-letting has improved and a definite inroad has been made in this problem. It is indeed gratifying to note the improvement effected and which is to be seen from the following tables. The incidence has decreased as can be seen from the table relating to "Degree of Sub-letting" and it is equally pleasing to note from the table on page 6 dealing with the reasons for the overcrowding existing that the number of cases of overcrowding due to the presence of sub-tenants has decreased. The tables referred to show that 1,474 sub-tenant families are residing in 1,435 houses.

CLASS OF HOUSE	DEGREE OF SUB-LETTING															GRAND TOTAL
	Local Authority							Privately Owned								
	Sub-tenants							Sub-tenants								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total		
1 and 2	723	20	1	—	—	—	766	536	12	—	—	—	—	560	1,474	
3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	139	3	1	—	—	—	145		
Totals	723	20	1	—	—	—	766	675	15	1	—	—	—	705	1,474	

CLASS OF HOUSE	EXTENT OF SUB-LETTING														GRAND TOTAL
	Local Authority							Privately Owned							
	Size of House							Size of House							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total	
1 and 2	2	65	362	254	57	4	744	7	168	139	115	67	52	548	1,435
3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	64	55	8	4	2	143	
Totals	2	65	362	254	57	4	744	17	232	194	123	71	54	961	1,435

The number of sub-tenant families living in the individual class of house is as follows. It will be noted that for comparative purposes I have given the figures relating to position obtaining in this respect at the 1953 and 1949 surveys which again reflects the improvement made.

	1957	1953	1949
Overcrowded houses	370	765	781
Non-overcrowded houses	932	1,187	1,113
Houses over £45 annual rental	43	77	70
Unfit houses	129	256	284
Requisitioned huts etc.	—	2	27

There are now no requisitioned huts etc. in use within the Burgh.

PART II

Comparisons

In comparing the figures obtained at the present survey with those obtained at the previous surveys there are several points worthy of special mention.

- (1) The number of one, two and three apartment houses required.
- (2) Again as found at 1953 there is no surplus of fit houses. i.e. all the houses which will be rendered vacant can be used in making provision for the families to be rehoused.
- (3) The decrease in the number of unfit houses.
- (4) The decrease in the total number of overcrowded houses with its consequent effect upon the degree of overcrowding.
- (5) The decrease in the total number of sub-tenant families residing within the Burgh.

(6) The fact that each of the aspects of the housing problem are being brought under control.

So far as the number of one, two and three apartment houses is concerned, it must be appreciated that the sub-tenant families require, owing to the size of family, a relatively large number of houses of the size referred to.

Examination of the figures relating to the requirements of families living in unfit houses show that in the main the requirements are for one, two and three apartment houses. Since this class of house is subject to overcrowding within the Corporation policy it is only logical to assume that many married couples, newly married or with one or two children at the most, who were previously sub-tenants, have become tenants of such houses.

The foregoing explains the fact that there is no surplus of fit houses. In considering this aspect I would emphasise that the trend towards a larger number of small houses being required was evident at the 1949 survey. This was also evident at 1953 and is again showing at this survey. The trend referred to reflects the fact that there is an increase in the number of families with a smaller number of persons in each family and it does reflect the fact that the more serious cases of overcrowding have been abated. A perusal of the table relating to the size of families will show the number of persons in each family and the number of families which fall into each group.

The decrease in the number of overcrowded houses reflects the Corporation's housing policy in this matter.

With regard to the decrease in the number of unfit houses it should be apparent that this is due to the timeous and wise decision of the Corporation in agreeing in 1950 to deal with such houses in terms of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1950. Since the commencement of this policy 1,264 houses have been the subject of action in terms of Section 9 of the above Act. It should be mentioned that in addition 84 wholly unfit houses were dealt with as part of a redevelopment unit.

It is indeed pleasing to note the reduction in the number of sub-tenant families and I am of the opinion that this shows the effect of the Corporation's policy in making the best possible use of the housing accommodation which becomes available.

Rehousing Standards

In this connection I have to point out that following on consideration of the terms of the 1949 survey report the Corporation agreed that the 1944 standard be applied as the standard of rehousing. There is no doubt that the result of doing so has controlled and will control overcrowding in Local Authority houses and this is borne out by the figures obtained as a result of the

present survey. The application of this standard does allow of families being rehoused in houses of a size where there is a chance of living a full family life.

Rehousing Preference

In the survey form provision was made for ascertaining the area in which the families wished to be rehoused. For this purpose the Burgh was divided into four areas as follows:—

East—Portion of Burgh east of a line drawn north to south through Baker Street.

Central—Portion of Burgh west of above and east of a line drawn through Nicolson Street and Cowdenknowes Dam to Burgh boundary.

West—Portion of Burgh west of Nicolson Street and north and west of Cemetery to Burgh boundary at Cardwell Bay.

South-West—Portion of Burgh south and west of above mentioned central and west areas.

As a result of the survey it was found that the families entitled to be rehoused wished to be rehoused in these areas as follows:—

Families	East	Central	West	South-west
Tenants	22.72%	41.87%	15.11%	20.30%
Sub-tenants	26.54%	35.08%	21.52%	16.86%

Local Authority Houses

The number and sizes of the houses belonging to the Local Authority which were surveyed and included in the total of 21,585 are given in the table which follows together with the figures relating to the two previous surveys to enable a comparison to be made.

SURVEY	SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1957	161	968	4,525	2,279	396	15	8,344
1953	126	888	3,987	1,799	386	14	7,200
1949	167	993	3,542	1,298	250	17	6,267

Of this number 650 or 8% of the fit houses were found to be overcrowded. The number and sizes of the affected houses were as follows:—

SURVEY	SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6 +	
1957	11	122	334	69	13	1	650
1953	14	188	573	138	19	1	933
1949	16	294	639	190	41	2	1,182

It will be seen that the present survey shows a decrease of 283 from the 1953 survey and 532 from the 1949 figure of such houses found to be overcrowded.

The reasons for overcrowding in local authority houses were found to be as follows. It will be noted that the figures obtaining at 1953 and 1949 are given.

	1953	1949
In 454 instances due to size of tenant's family	536	741
In 184 instances due to size of sub-tenant's family	377	396
In 9 instances due to presence of lodgers	18	10
In 3 instances due to sex separation	1	1
In — instances due to size of both tenant's and sub-tenant's family	1	34

The foregoing details show the real improvement which has taken place in the aforementioned houses so far as overcrowding is concerned.

Sub-Letting

It was found that the total number of sub-tenant families residing in Local Authority houses was 766 compared with 1,113 and 1,027 at the 1953 and 1949 surveys respectively.

Lodgers

It was found that there are 650 lodgers residing in 581 houses within the Burgh. The following table shows the incidence of lodgers in the houses referred to.

TYPE OF DWELLING-HOUSE	INSTANCES				TOTAL NUMBER OF	
	1	2	3	4	Houses	Lodgers
Local Authority	216	30	—	—	246	276
Privately Owned	300	32	2	1	335	374
Totals	516	62	2	1	581	650

Sanitary Conditions

The opportunity was taken to take out figures relating to the position so far as W.C. accommodation is concerned. As a result it was found that the position in this respect was as follows:—

Houses sharing W.C. accommodation ...	15.60%
W.C. accommodation outside house, not shared ...	1.57%
W.C. accommodation inside house	82.83%

The table in the appendix sets forth the above information on a ward basis.

PART III

Age Grouping and Family Structure

Once again the opportunity was taken to obtain details as to the age grouping of the population and the tables which have been compiled make a most interesting study apart altogether from their value to other Departments such as the Medical Officer of Health's.

The age grouping as ascertained at the present survey is given in the table appended together with the figures relative to the two previous surveys. From this it will be seen that the population of the Burgh shows a decrease of 951 from the 1953 survey figure which was 76,903 as well as a decrease from the estimated figure by the Registrar General of 77,900. It is interesting to note from the figures which follow that the female population exceeds the male population by 1,508. A comparison of the figures within the individual age groups shows that there is a reasonably near balancing between the sexes.

The decrease referred to in the foregoing paragraph was expected following on the trend observed at 1953 when it was observed that there were a larger number of small families. The trend referred to is again apparent at the present survey.

SURVEY AND SEX	AGE GROUPS												TOTAL
	—1	1/ 4	5/ 9	10/ 14	15/ 24	25/ 34	35/ 44	45/ 54	55/ 59	60/ 64	65/ 74	75 +	
1957 (M)	771	2,843	3,516	3,267	5,911	5,218	4,955	4,605	1,847	1,393	1,964	932	37,222
1957 (F)	754	2,700	3,207	3,230	5,725	5,145	5,245	4,782	2,113	1,930	2,690	1,209	38,730
Total	1,525	5,543	6,723	6,497	11,636	10,363	10,200	9,387	3,960	3,323	4,654	2,141	75,952
1953	1,373	5,515	6,787	6,402	12,323	11,061	10,506	9,335	3,669	3,376	4,562	1,994	76,903
1949	1,400	5,671	6,500	6,577	13,019	11,851	10,944	9,035	3,522	3,184	4,532	1,712	78,035

Family Structure

The survey reveals that there are residing within the Burgh 2,382 families where all the children are under five years of age, 5,149 families where all the children are between the ages 5+ to 15 years and 2,651 families where one or more of the children fall into either of the above two categories. A table dealing with family structure in detail is appended.

There is also a table in the appendix which gives details relative to the number and size of the families residing within

the Burgh. Reference must be made to the fact that there is a large number of families comprising two, three and four persons.

Religious Distribution

The table in the appendix to this report sets forth in detail the religious distribution of the population on a ward basis.

In summary form this shows:—

	1957	1949
Church of Scotland	40,452	46,185
Roman Catholic Church	25,171	23,808
Other denominations	9,489	7,559
No religion given	840	483
	<u>75,952</u>	<u>78,035</u>

PART IV WORKING POPULATION

From the table which follows it will be clearly seen that ship-building and marine engineering employ the greatest number of the working population. These are followed by the distributive trades.

TRADES, ETC.	BURGH TOTALS		TOTAL
	Males	Females	
Shipbuilding	5,752	181	5,933
Marine Engineering	2,443	97	2,540
Vehicles	167	16	183
Precision Instruments and Jewellery	579	158	737
Metal Goods	162	67	229
Metal Manufacture	478	152	630
Chemical and Allied Trades	55	11	66
Textiles	347	1,357	1,704
Clothing	84	315	399
Food, Drink and Tobacco	636	379	1,015
Leather, Leather Goods and Fur	75	19	94
Paper and Printing	116	36	152
Building and Contracting	1,883	27	1,910
Gas, Electricity and Water	450	45	495
Transport and Communication	2,634	368	3,002
Distributive Trades	1,222	1,785	3,007
Insurance, Banking and Finance	219	57	276
Public Administration and Defence	2,124	464	2,588
Professional Services	591	968	1,559
General Clerical Workers	142	629	771
Agriculture and Forestry	187	30	217
Mining and Quarrying	222	47	269
Bricks, Fireclay, Glass and Cement	30	3	33
Sugar Refining	758	223	981
Miscellaneous	1,056	1,000	2,056
Total	22,412	8,434	30,846

The table in the appendix shows the above information in relation to the various wards within the Burgh.

In the table which follows are given details relating to the locus of work of the working population.

AREA IN WHICH EMPLOYED	BURGH TOTALS		TOTAL
	Males	Females	
Greenock	17,608	7,092	24,700
Port Glasgow	2,004	701	2,705
Gourock	192	93	285
Langbank	4	5	9
Largs	19	14	33
Bishopton	418	69	487
Paisley	173	70	243
Johnstone	30	1	31
Renfrew	98	26	124
Glasgow	788	158	946
Clydebank	12	2	14
Dumbarton	33	2	35
Alexandria	45	4	49
Coatbridge	5	—	5
Motherwell and Wishaw	9	1	10
Hamilton	2	—	2
Airdrie	1	—	1
Barrhead	4	1	5
North Ayrshire	21	12	33
Ardrossan and South	7	3	10
Stirling Area	3	2	5
Dunoon Area	9	3	12
Gareloch Area	8	—	8
Kilmacolm	12	17	29
Bridge of Weir	26	44	70
Miscellaneous	881	114	995
Totals	22,412	8,434	30,846

The following table shows the age grouping of the working population. Ward details are shown in table in Appendices.

SEX		AGE GROUPS							TOTAL	
		15/ 24	25/ 34	35/ 44	45/ 54	55/ 59	60/ 64	65/ 74		75 +
In Burgh	{ Males ... Females ...	3,702	3,470	3,587	3,500	1,421	989	831	108	17,608
		3,214	1,101	1,068	1,010	412	203	83	7	7,092
		6,916	4,571	4,655	4,510	1,833	1,192	914	115	24,700
Outwith Burgh	{ Males ... Females ...	1,115	1,261	1,077	781	255	190	110	15	4,804
		642	255	215	150	55	12	11	2	1,342
		1,757	1,516	1,292	931	310	202	121	17	6,146
Total Males of above Age Groups Within and Outwith Burgh										22,412
Total Females of above Age Groups Within and Outwith Burgh										8,434
										30,846

Non-employed Persons

The opportunity was taken when compiling the information required for the survey to make provision for obtaining information relating to the non-employed persons living within the Burgh, i.e. housewives, students and scholars. As a result of the information obtained it was found that there are a total of 17,593 housewives, 271 students and 13,488 scholars. The table in the Appendix shows this information in relation to the various wards within the Burgh.

In considering the figure relating to housewives I have to point out that as the table relates to non-employed persons, housewives who are employed are not included in this figure.

Shops and Factories

The enumerators on this occasion were not required to obtain details relative to shops and factories since it was felt that to do so would delay the completion of the survey. In consequence the tables which are appended were compiled from information supplied by the District Sanitary Inspectors and from the Department's records. As a result it was found that there are 943 shops and 296 factories within the Burgh.

PART V

Summary and recommendations

In a report of this size and detail it is necessary to provide a summary before making any recommendations. Since the 1953 survey the following has taken place.

1. The number of houses within the Burgh has increased by 1,052.
2. The number of overcrowded houses has been reduced by 822.
3. The number of unfit houses has been reduced by 681.
4. The number of sub-tenant families has decreased by 813.
5. The number of new houses required shows a decrease of 1,514. It is noted that there is practically no alteration in the number of one and two apartment houses required.

Recommendations

After consideration of all the information obtained I have to make the following recommendations:—

1. The Corporation should continue with the present policy which is aimed at the elimination of the uninhabitable house. For this purpose the rehousing priorities should be in the following order:—

- (a) The uninhabitable house.
 - (b) The sub-tenant family.
 - (c) Abatement of overcrowding.
 - (d) Cases recommended by the Medical Officer of Health.
2. That the foregoing individual aspects of the whole housing problem be dealt with concurrently on the basis of the percentage shown opposite each.
- | | |
|--|-----|
| (a) The uninhabitable house | 40% |
| (b) The sub-tenant family | 26% |
| (c) Abatement of overcrowding | 24% |
| (d) Cases recommended by the Medical Officer
of Health | 10% |
3. The rehousing of the affected families must continue to be based on the 1944 recommended standard in every instance in order to effectively control overcrowding.

Acknowledgements

In concluding this report I would like to acknowledge the assistance received from all members of my staff and in particular the services rendered by Mr Wm. A. Taylor, my Chief Clerk.

To the public I must pay tribute for their wholehearted co-operation in the main in the obtaining of the necessary information. This assistance was much appreciated by the enumerators and myself.

In a job of this magnitude team work is necessary. I can say that team work was evident throughout the survey and I am indebted to all who formed the team for expediting the work.

APPENDICES

The tables which follow give the details dealt with in the report on a ward basis.

In the list on the next page is given the order in which the tables appear.

APPENDICES

Table showing number, size and class of houses surveyed.	23
Table showing number of houses under and over £45 annual rental	24
Table showing type of dwellinghouse surveyed.	24
Table showing number and size of fit dwellinghouses overcrowded—1950 Act.	25
Table showing analysis of overcrowded in fit dwellinghouses—1950 Act.	25
Table showing number and size of houses required to abate overcrowding—1950 Act.	26
Table showing number and size of overcrowded houses when the 1944 standard is applied as the standard of overcrowding.	27
Table showing analysis of overcrowding in fit houses—1944 standard.	27
Table showing number and size of houses overcrowded and number of additional houses required when the 1944 recommended standard is applied as a standard of overcrowding.	28
Table showing number and size of houses required to rehouse sub-tenants residing in non-overcrowded fit houses and in houses over £45 annual rental.	29
Table showing number and size of houses required to rehouse families living in unfit houses.	30
Table showing gross requirements in wards and net requirement for the Burgh.	31
Table showing rehousing areas preferred by tenants and sub-tenants on a percentage basis in wards.	32
Table showing degree of sub-letting.	33
Table showing extent of sub-letting.	34
Table showing number of Local Authority houses surveyed.	35
Table showing number of overcrowded fit Local Authority houses—1950 Act.	35
Table showing reasons for overcrowding in Local Authority houses.	36
Table showing number of lodgers.	36
Table showing age grouping of population.	37
Table showing family structure.	38
Table showing number and size of families residing within the Burgh.	39
Table showing distribution of population on a religious basis.	40
Table showing percentages (W.C.s shared and not shared) also Burgh total percentages.	41
Table giving details as to distribution of working population in various industries.	42, 43
Table showing locus of work of working population.	44, 45
Table showing age grouping of working population within Burgh.	46
Table showing age grouping of working population outwith Burgh.	47
Table showing non-employed members of the population.	48
Table showing type of factories in wards within the Burgh.	49
Table showing number and type of retail shops within Burgh.	50, 51

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER, SIZE AND CLASS OF HOUSES
SURVEYED

WARD	CLASS OF HOUSE	SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTALS
		1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	1	—	293	936	251	34	9	1,523
	2	14	453	54	—	2	1	524
	3	63	196	19	—	1	—	279
	Total	77	942	1,009	251	37	10	2,326
2	1	1	248	672	523	107	9	1,560
	2	1	27	1	—	—	—	29
	3	5	10	2	—	—	—	17
	Total	7	285	675	523	107	9	1,606
3	1	2	217	344	108	32	9	712
	2	28	536	133	3	1	1	702
	3	70	167	10	1	—	—	248
	Total	100	920	487	112	33	10	1,662
4	1	2	107	186	46	54	21	416
	2	83	248	264	100	8	7	710
	3	29	325	119	13	4	4	494
	Total	114	680	569	159	66	32	1,620
5	1	1	263	626	438	113	12	1,453
	2	61	434	126	6	—	1	628
	3	63	255	45	3	—	—	366
	Total	125	952	797	447	113	13	2,447
6	1	5	333	406	104	15	4	867
	2	46	526	215	15	6	1	809
	3	94	256	68	19	7	—	444
	Total	145	1,115	689	138	28	5	2,120
7	1	67	244	551	214	88	48	1,212
	2	4	158	79	4	2	2	249
	3	76	261	69	13	3	1	423
	Total	147	663	699	231	93	51	1,884
8	1	23	86	488	623	510	827	2,557
	2	—	—	11	1	1	—	13
	3	1	7	6	2	—	—	16
	Total	24	93	505	626	511	827	2,586
9	1	1	313	2,760	1,916	313	24	5,327
	2	1	3	2	—	—	—	6
	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
	Total	2	317	2,762	1,916	313	24	5,334
GRAND TOTAL	1	102	2,104	6,969	4,223	1,266	963	15,627
	2	238	2,385	885	129	20	13	3,670
	3	401	1,478	338	51	15	5	2,288
	Total	741	5,967	8,192	4,403	1,301	981	21,585

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF HOUSES UNDER AND OVER £45 ANNUAL RENTAL

WARD	ANNUAL RENTAL	SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTAL	GRAND TOTALS
		1	2	3	4	5	6 +		
1	£45 and under Over £45	77 —	942 —	1,009 —	251 —	37 —	5 5	2,321 5	2,326
2	£45 and under Over £45	7 —	285 —	675 —	523 —	107 —	8 1	1,605 1	1,606
3	£45 and under Over £45	100 —	920 —	487 —	112 —	33 —	9 1	1,661 1	1,662
4	£45 and under Over £45	114 —	680 —	569 —	159 —	65 1	26 6	1,613 7	1,620
5	£45 and under Over £45	125 —	952 —	797 —	447 —	113 —	13 —	2,447 —	2,447
6	£45 and under Over £45	145 —	1115 —	689 —	138 —	28 —	5 —	2,120 —	2,120
7	£45 and under Over £45	147 —	663 —	699 —	231 —	86 7	34 17	1,860 24	1,884
8	£45 and under Over £45	24 —	93 —	503 2	587 39	358 153	229 598	1,794 792	2,586
9	£45 and under Over £45	2 —	317 —	2,762 —	1,915 1	312 1	21 3	5,329 5	5,334
TOTALS	£45 and under Over £45	741 —	5,967 —	8,190 2	4,363 40	1,139 162	350 631	20,750 835	21,585

TABLE SHOWING TYPE OF DWELLING-HOUSE SURVEYED

WARD	TYPE OF DWELLING-HOUSE					TOTAL
	Tenement	Flatted	Villa	Cottage	Miscellaneous	
1	2,217	19	59	31	—	2,326
2	552	307	544	203	—	1,606
3	1,454	129	51	28	—	1,662
4	1,585	19	13	3	—	1,620
5	2,240	110	5	41	1	2,447
6	1,967	6	145	2	—	2,120
7	1,813	25	24	13	9	1,884
8	1,080	496	768	242	—	2,586
9	1,078	938	2,500	817	1	5,334
Total	13,986	2,049	4,159	1,380	11	21,585

HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT 1950
TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND SIZE OF FIT DWELLING HOUSES
OVERCROWDED

WARD	SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTAL OVER- CROWDED
	1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	9	203	210	21	1	—	444
2	1	40	78	17	3	—	139
3	10	97	42	2	1	—	152
4	9	56	16	2	—	—	83
5	29	90	46	13	—	—	178
6	15	114	38	5	—	—	172
7	2	53	17	1	—	—	73
8	—	3	2	—	—	—	5
9	—	20	87	40	10	1	158
Total	75	676	536	101	15	1	1,404

TABLE SHOWING ANALYSIS OF OVERCROWDING IN FIT DWELLING-HOUSES
HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1950

WARD	REASONS OF OVERCROWDING					TOTAL
	Tenant	Sub-Tenant	Lodgers	Sex Separation	Tenant and Sub-Tenant	
1	326	110	8	—	—	444
2	94	44	1	—	—	139
3	116	33	3	—	—	152
4	60	19	1	3	—	83
5	142	34	2	—	—	178
6	138	31	2	1	—	172
7	58	15	—	—	—	73
8	5	—	—	—	—	5
9	107	50	1	—	—	158
Total	1,046	336	18	4	—	1,404

HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1950
TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND SIZE OF HOUSES REQUIRED
TO ABATE OVERCROWDING

WARD		SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	Tenants	—	—	61	129	97	47	334
	Sub-tenants	—	28	73	22	4	—	127
	Total	—	28	134	151	101	47	461
2	Tenants	—	—	19	29	35	12	95
	Sub-tenants	—	10	35	6	1	—	52
	Total	—	10	54	35	36	12	147
3	Tenants	—	—	47	55	11	6	119
	Sub-tenants	1	8	20	5	1	—	35
	Total	1	8	67	60	12	6	154
4	Tenants	—	3	32	23	5	1	64
	Sub-tenants	—	2	13	5	—	—	20
	Total	—	5	45	28	5	1	84
5	Tenants	—	1	59	54	21	9	144
	Sub-tenants	—	5	27	2	—	—	34
	Total	—	6	86	56	21	9	178
6	Tenants	—	1	64	53	19	4	141
	Sub-tenants	—	4	27	1	—	—	32
	Total	—	5	91	54	19	4	173
7	Tenants	—	—	35	16	5	2	58
	Sub-tenants	—	1	13	2	—	—	16
	Total	—	1	48	18	5	2	74
8	Tenants	—	—	1	3	1	—	5
	Sub-tenants	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
	Total	—	—	1	3	2	—	6
9	Tenants	—	—	10	24	45	29	108
	Sub-tenants	—	9	31	13	—	—	53
	Total	—	9	41	37	45	29	161
	<i>Total</i>							
	Tenants	—	5	328	386	239	110	1,068
	Sub-tenants	1	67	239	56	7	—	370
		1	72	567	442	246	110	1,438

1944 STANDARD

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND SIZE OF OVERCROWDED HOUSES WHEN THE ABOVE STANDARD IS APPLIED AS THE STANDARD OF OVERCROWDING

WARD	SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL OVERCROWDED
	1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	11	453	501	94	13	—	1,072
2	2	103	213	86	25	—	429
3	15	381	118	12	6	—	532
4	30	141	53	8	1	—	233
5	39	306	145	83	17	—	590
6	32	371	100	10	4	1	518
7	7	162	55	2	—	—	226
8	—	13	18	5	1	—	37
9	2	100	589	346	67	3	1,107
Totals	138	2,030	1,792	646	134	4	4,744

TABLE SHOWING ANALYSIS OF OVERCROWDING IN FIT DWELLING-HOUSES
1944 STANDARD

WARD	REASONS OF OVERCROWDING					TOTAL
	Tenant	Sub-Tenants	Lodgers	Sex Separation	Tenant and Sub-Tenant	
1	871	172	17	—	12	1,072
2	316	105	6	—	2	429
3	454	74	3	—	1	532
4	194	34	5	—	—	233
5	512	71	6	—	1	590
6	459	55	3	—	1	518
7	197	27	1	—	1	226
8	33	4	—	—	—	37
9	968	125	14	—	—	1,107
Total	4,004	667	55	—	18	4,744

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND SIZE OF HOUSES OVERCROWDED AND
NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL HOUSES REQUIRED WHEN THE 1944
RECOMMENDED STANDARD IS APPLIED AS A STANDARD OF
OVERCROWDING

	SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6+	
Fit overcrowded houses	138	2,030	1,792	646	134	4	4,744
Houses required to abate over- crowding	—	257	2,036	1,518	722	249	4,782
Deduct houses rendered vacant	129	1,837	1,508	498	105	—	4,077
Estimate of new houses required ..	—	—	528	1,020	617	249	2,414
Surplus houses	129	1,580	—	—	—	—	1,709
Add houses required for:—							
Unfit houses	450	645	1,009	216	22	6	2,348
Non-overcrowded sub-tenants Sub-tenants in houses $\geq 45+$ }	7	278	237	16	1	—	539
Requisitioned houses, huts, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	457	923	1,246	232	23	6	2,887
Net total required:— Overcrowding	—	—	528	1,020	617	249	2,414
Total required:— Unfit houses, etc.	457	923	1,246	232	23	6	2,887
Total	457	923	1,774	1,252	640	255	5,301
Surplus Houses	129	1,580	—	—	—	—	1,599
Total Houses required	328	—	1,774	1,252	640	255	4,249
Surplus Houses	—	667	—	—	—	—	667
Net total after utilising surplus two- apartment houses to rehouse per- sons requiring one-apartment houses	—	—	1,774	1,252	640	255	3,921
Surplus Houses	—	339	—	—	—	—	339

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND SIZE OF HOUSES REQUIRED TO
REHOUSE SUB-TENANTS RESIDING IN NON-OVERCROWDED FIT
HOUSES AND IN HOUSES OVER £45 ANNUAL RENTAL

WARD	TYPE OF HOUSE	SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	Non-overcrowded Over £45	1 —	46 2	83 —	11 —	— —	— —	141 2
	Total	1	48	83	11	—	—	143
2	Non-overcrowded Over £45	— —	55 —	77 —	11 —	— —	— —	143 —
	Total	—	55	77	11	—	—	143
3	Non-overcrowded Over £45	2 —	36 —	35 —	4 —	— —	— —	77 —
	Total	2	36	35	4	—	—	77
4	Non-overcrowded Over £45	— —	20 —	30 —	3 —	— —	— —	53 —
	Total	—	20	30	3	—	—	53
5	Non-overcrowded Over £45	— —	50 —	54 —	6 —	— —	— —	110 —
	Total	—	50	54	6	—	—	110
6	Non-overcrowded Over £45	— —	32 —	31 —	1 —	— —	— —	64 —
	Total	—	32	31	1	—	—	64
7	Non-overcrowded Over £45	— —	29 —	30 —	2 1	— —	— —	61 1
	Total	—	29	30	3	—	—	62
8	Non-overcrowded Over £45	3 1	30 19	20 19	6 1	— —	— —	59 40
	Total	4	49	39	7	—	—	99
9	Non-overcrowded Over £45	1 —	92 —	116 —	13 —	2 —	— —	224 —
	Total	1	92	116	13	2	—	224
Total	Non-overcrowded	7	390	476	57	2	—	932
	Over £45	1	21	19	2	—	—	43

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND SIZE OF HOUSES REQUIRED TO
REHOUSE FAMILIES LIVING IN UNFIT HOUSES

WARD		SIZE OF HOUSE						TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	Tenants	47	75	120	23	4	3	272
	Sub-tenants	—	5	12	3	—	—	20
	Total	47	80	132	26	4	3	292
2	Tenants	4	3	7	2	—	—	16
	Sub-tenants	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Total	4	3	7	2	—	—	16
3	Tenants	51	64	121	8	—	—	244
	Sub-tenants	—	9	8	—	—	—	17
	Total	51	73	129	8	—	—	261
4	Tenants	89	125	206	56	8	1	485
	Sub-tenants	1	12	17	1	—	—	31
	Total	90	137	223	57	8	1	516
5	Tenants	66	85	171	31	3	—	356
	Sub-tenants	—	8	10	—	—	—	18
	Total	66	93	181	31	3	—	374
6	Tenants	90	130	158	44	3	1	426
	Sub-tenants	—	9	11	1	—	—	21
	Total	90	139	169	45	3	1	447
7	Tenants	97	106	153	45	3	1	405
	Sub-tenants	1	10	9	—	—	—	20
	Total	98	116	162	45	3	1	425
8	Tenants	3	4	4	2	1	—	14
	Sub-tenants	—	—	2	—	—	—	2
	Total	3	4	6	2	1	—	16
9	Tenants	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
	Sub-tenants	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Total	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
	Totals							
	Tenants	448	592	940	211	22	6	2,219
	Sub-tenants	2	53	69	5	—	—	129
		450	645	1,009	216	22	6	2,348

TABLE SHOWING GROSS REQUIREMENTS IN WARDS AND NET REQUIREMENTS FOR THE BURGH

WARD	To REHOUSE FAMILIES RESIDING IN	Size of House							GRAND TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6+	Total	
1	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— 1 47	28 48 80	134 83 132	151 11 26	101 — 4	47 — 3	461 143 292	896
2	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— — 4	10 55 3	54 77 7	35 11 2	36 — —	12 — —	147 143 16	306
3	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	1 2 51	8 36 73	67 35 129	60 4 8	12 — —	6 — —	154 77 261	492
4	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— — 90	5 20 137	45 30 223	28 3 57	5 — 8	1 — 1	84 53 516	653
5	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— — 66	6 50 93	86 54 181	56 6 31	21 — 3	9 — —	178 110 374	662
6	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— — 90	5 32 139	91 31 169	54 1 45	19 — 3	4 — 1	173 64 447	684
7	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— — 98	1 29 116	48 30 162	18 3 45	5 3 —	2 — 1	74 62 425	561
8	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— 4 3	— 49 4	1 39 6	3 7 2	2 — 1	— — —	6 99 16	121
9	Overcrowded Class I and Class II Houses Sub-tenants in Non-overcrowded and Houses over £45 Unfit Houses	— 1 1	9 92 —	41 116 —	37 13 —	45 2 —	29 — —	161 224 1	386
Total requirements		459	1,128	2,071	717	270	116	4,761	
Deduct rendered vacant		67	527	398	70	6	—	1,068	
Net requirements		392	601	1,673	647	264	116	3,693	

TABLE SHOWING REHOUSING AREAS PREFERRED BY TENANTS AND SUB-TENANTS ON A PERCENTAGE BASIS IN WARDS

WARD	AREA PREFERRED	By Tenant	By Sub-tenant	By Tenant and Sub-tenant	TOTAL %
1	East	51.61%	52.91%	52.26%	100
	Central	27.86	26.03	26.95	
	West	3.67	8.29	5.98	
	South-West	16.86	12.77	14.81	
2	East	64.86%	72.80%	68.83%	100
	Central	22.52	22.07	22.29	
	West	3.62	3.08	3.35	
	South-West	9.00	2.05	5.53	
3	East	63.46%	75.98%	69.72%	100
	Central	21.43	13.96	17.69	
	West	7.97	6.95	7.46	
	South-West	7.14	3.11	5.13	
4	East	4.97%	4.80%	4.89%	100
	Central	67.28	57.69	62.48	
	West	3.86	8.66	6.26	
	South-West	23.89	28.85	26.37	
5	East	6.04%	25.46%	15.75%	100
	Central	71.01	53.41	62.21	
	West	9.26	11.18	10.22	
	South-West	13.69	9.95	11.82	
6	East	1.24%	1.72%	1.48%	100
	Central	78.50	71.55	75.03	
	West	10.13	8.62	9.37	
	South-West	10.13	18.11	14.12	
7	East	1.97%	2.04%	2.01%	100
	Central	64.11	44.89	54.50	
	West	22.54	43.88	33.21	
	South-West	11.38	9.19	10.28	
8	East	6.67%	2.08%	4.37%	100
	Central	6.67	7.29	6.98	
	West	66.66	86.46	76.56	
	South-West	20.00	4.17	12.09	
9	East	3.67%	1.08%	2.38%	100
	Central	17.43	18.78	18.10	
	West	8.26	16.60	12.43	
	South-West	70.64	63.54	67.09	

TABLE SHOWING DEGREE OF SUB-LETTING

WARD	CLASS OF HOUSE	DEGREE OF SUB-LETTING												GRAND TOTAL
		Local Authority						Privately Owned						
		Sub-tenants						Sub-tenants						
		1	2	3	4	5	Total	1	2	3	4	5	Total	
1	1 and 2	188	9	—	—	—	206	41	2	—	—	—	45	290
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	1	—	—	—	39	
	Total	188	9	—	—	—	206	78	3	—	—	—	84	
2	1 and 2	152	6	1	—	—	167	28	—	—	—	—	28	195
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Total	152	6	1	—	—	167	28	—	—	—	—	28	
3	1 and 2	51	2	—	—	—	55	57	—	—	—	—	57	129
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	17	
	Total	51	2	—	—	—	55	74	—	—	—	—	74	
4	1 and 2	8	—	—	—	—	8	65	—	—	—	—	65	104
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	2	1	—	—	31	
	Total	8	—	—	—	—	8	89	2	1	—	—	96	
5	1 and 2	100	—	—	—	—	100	44	—	—	—	—	44	162
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	18	
	Total	100	—	—	—	—	100	62	—	—	—	—	62	
6	1 and 2	37	—	—	—	—	37	57	1	—	—	—	59	117
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	21	
	Total	37	—	—	—	—	37	78	1	—	—	—	80	
7	1 and 2	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	4	—	—	—	78	98
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	20	
	Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	90	4	—	—	—	98	
8	1 and 2	5	—	—	—	—	5	87	4	—	—	—	95	102
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	2	
	Total	5	—	—	—	—	5	89	4	—	—	—	97	
9	1 and 2	182	3	—	—	—	188	87	1	—	—	—	89	277
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Total	182	3	—	—	—	188	87	1	—	—	—	89	
Total	1 and 2	723	20	1	—	—	766	536	12	—	—	—	560	1,474
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	139	3	1	—	—	148	
	Total	723	20	1	—	—	766	675	15	1	—	—	708	

TABLE SHOWING EXTENT OF SUB-LETTING

WARD	CLASS OF HOUSE	EXTENT OF SUB-LETTING														GRAND TOTAL
		Local Authority							Privately Owned							
		Size of House							Size of House							
1	2	3	4	5	6	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total			
1	1 and 2	—	21	121	50	5	—	197	—	38	4	—	—	1	43	278
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	31	2	—	—	38	
	Total	—	21	121	50	5	—	197	—	43	35	2	—	1	81	
2	1 and 2	—	18	68	69	4	—	159	—	6	11	6	4	1	28	157
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Total	—	18	68	69	4	—	159	—	6	11	6	4	1	28	
3	1 and 2	—	6	33	11	3	—	53	1	32	21	3	—	—	57	127
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12	3	1	—	—	17	
	Total	—	6	33	11	3	—	53	2	44	24	4	—	—	74	
4	1 and 2	1	6	1	—	—	—	8	—	17	22	16	7	3	65	100
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	6	3	3	2	27	
	Total	1	6	1	—	—	—	8	2	28	28	19	10	5	92	
5	1 and 2	—	4	40	47	9	—	100	4	25	12	3	—	—	44	162
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	13	1	1	—	—	18	
	Total	—	4	40	47	9	—	100	7	38	13	4	—	—	62	
6	1 and 2	1	7	21	7	1	—	37	—	32	16	3	4	3	58	116
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	7	1	—	—	21	
	Total	1	7	21	7	1	—	37	2	43	23	4	4	3	79	
7	1 and 2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	13	38	9	6	6	74	94
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	6	—	1	—	20	
	Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	25	44	9	7	6	94	
8	1 and 2	—	—	—	5	—	—	5	—	1	9	14	29	38	91	98
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2	
	Total	—	—	—	5	—	—	5	—	2	10	14	29	38	93	
9	1 and 2	—	3	78	65	35	4	185	—	4	6	61	17	—	88	273
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Total	—	3	78	65	35	4	185	—	4	6	61	17	—	88	
Total	1 and 2	2	65	362	254	57	4	744	7	168	139	115	67	52	548	1,435
	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	64	55	8	4	2	143	
	Total	2	65	362	254	57	4	744	17	232	194	123	71	54	691	

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF LOCAL AUTHORITY HOUSES
SURVEYED

WARD	SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	—	276	906	239	28	—	1,449
2	—	232	501	466	80	1	1,280
3	—	64	203	61	12	—	340
4	78	70	10	—	—	—	158
5	7	73	505	384	78	6	1,053
6	12	116	245	75	1	1	450
7	64	23	9	4	2	—	102
8	—	26	41	64	2	—	133
9	—	88	2,105	986	193	7	3,379
Total	161	968	4,525	2,279	396	15	8,344

HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1950
OVERCROWDED FIT LOCAL AUTHORITY HOUSES

WARD	SIZE OF DWELLING-HOUSE						TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6+	
1	—	55	203	21	1	—	280
2	—	33	73	17	3	—	126
3	—	5	19	2	1	—	27
4	6	10	—	—	—	—	16
5	—	8	38	13	—	—	59
6	5	8	20	1	—	—	34
7	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9	—	2	81	15	8	1	107
Total	11	122	334	69	13	1	650

HOUSING (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1950
REASONS FOR OVERCROWDING LOCAL AUTHORITY HOUSES

WARD	REASONS FOR OVERCROWDING					TOTAL
	Tenants	Sub-tenants	Lodgers	Sex Separation	Tenants and Sub-tenants	
1	202	72	6	—	—	280
2	83	42	1	—	—	126
3	19	8	—	—	—	27
4	8	5	—	3	—	16
5	46	13	—	—	—	59
6	24	9	1	—	—	34
7	1	—	—	—	—	1
8	—	—	—	—	—	—
9	71	35	1	—	—	107
Total	454	184	9	3	—	650

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF LODGERS

WARD	TYPE OF DWELLING-HOUSE	INSTANCES						TOTAL NO. OF LODGERS	GRAND TOTAL
		1	2	3	4	5	6		
1	Local Authority	54	8	—	—	—	—	70	97
	Privately Owned	21	3	—	—	—	—	27	
2	Local Authority	63	6	—	—	—	—	75	78
	Privately Owned	1	1	—	—	—	—	3	
3	Local Authority	5	1	—	—	—	—	7	38
	Privately Owned	29	1	—	—	—	—	31	
4	Local Authority	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29
	Privately Owned	15	7	—	—	—	—	29	
5	Local Authority	28	4	—	—	—	—	36	66
	Privately Owned	28	1	—	—	—	—	30	
6	Local Authority	13	4	—	—	—	—	21	49
	Privately Owned	24	2	—	—	—	—	28	
7	Local Authority	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	69
	Privately Owned	52	3	2	1	—	—	68	
8	Local Authority	3	—	—	—	—	—	3	115
	Privately Owned	92	10	—	—	—	—	112	
9	Local Authority	49	7	—	—	—	—	63	109
	Privately Owned	38	4	—	—	—	—	46	
Total	Local Authority	216	30	—	—	—	—	276	650
	Privately Owned	300	32	2	1	—	—	374	

TABLE SHOWING AGE GROUPING OF POPULATION WITHIN THE BURGH

WARD		Age Groups													Total	GRAND TOTAL
		1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45/54	55/59	60/64	65/74	75 +			
1	Males	118	539	631	472	797	810	568	461	186	117	162	62	4,923	9,675	
	Females	142	499	553	436	823	718	552	436	196	135	201	61	4,752		
2	Males	70	210	280	345	703	358	379	458	176	117	162	64	3,322	6,009	
	Females	71	171	257	340	647	328	455	428	189	144	181	73	3,287		
3	Males	72	202	193	129	333	463	346	274	134	89	152	62	2,449	5,072	
	Females	71	218	180	153	365	424	316	319	149	150	177	101	2,623		
4	Males	42	185	161	134	284	356	322	278	139	115	180	84	2,280	4,689	
	Females	38	164	142	140	248	373	294	313	151	172	258	116	2,409		
5	Males	125	274	348	334	684	637	539	464	214	182	223	107	4,131	8,304	
	Females	112	254	288	351	657	570	545	495	259	236	294	112	4,173		
6	Males	64	227	170	185	413	493	355	361	167	150	245	100	2,930	6,078	
	Females	54	224	158	154	418	457	368	417	200	239	339	120	3,148		
7	Males	45	150	154	135	244	338	331	300	151	137	186	88	2,259	4,940	
	Females	36	158	145	126	281	340	372	375	176	192	338	142	2,681		
8	Males	59	164	249	271	362	337	480	551	193	169	261	148	3,244	7,448	
	Females	54	154	211	285	359	449	605	640	314	339	480	314	4,204		
9	Males	176	892	1,330	1,262	2,077	1,399	1,604	1,393	455	281	333	135	11,337	22,522	
	Females	173	858	1,273	1,245	1,812	1,449	1,702	1,342	462	319	384	166	11,185		
Total		771	2,843	3,516	3,267	5,897	5,191	4,924	4,540	1,815	1,357	1,904	850	36,875	75,952	
Males		754	2,700	3,207	3,230	5,610	5,108	5,209	4,765	2,096	1,926	2,652	1,205	38,462		
Females		1,525	5,543	6,723	6,497	11,507	10,299	10,133	9,305	3,911	3,283	4,556	2,055	75,337		
Residents and Staff in Institutions etc.—																
Males					—	14	27	31	65	32	36	60	82	347		
Females					—	115	37	36	17	17	4	38	4	268		
Grand Total		1,525	5,543	6,723	6,497	11,636	10,363	10,200	9,387	3,960	3,323	4,654	2,141	75,952		

TABLE SHOWING DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION ON A RELIGIOUS BASIS

WARD	RELIGIONS										TOTALS
	Church of Scotland	Roman Catholic	Episcopal	Methodist	Baptist	Congregational	United Free	Salvation Army	Not Classified	No Religion Given	
1	4,181	4,507	240	19	75	88	86	22	385	72	9,675
2	2,830	2,688	180	27	33	50	59	32	431	279	6,609
3	2,603	1,555	152	10	23	184	59	11	453	22	5,072
4	2,588	1,337	97	60	47	157	115	25	215	48	4,689
5	4,448	2,818	245	44	67	175	103	37	264	103	8,304
6	3,041	2,274	107	40	80	153	47	32	285	19	6,078
7	2,863	1,316	174	41	62	146	65	5	252	16	4,940
8	5,723	619	370	66	96	135	80	18	265	76	7,448
9	11,996	7,855	583	123	518	473	227	74	470	203	22,522
Total	40,273	24,969	2,148	430	1,001	1,561	841	256	3,020	838	75,337
Persons in residential &c. premises other than houses	179	202	3	—	1	—	—	1	227	2	615
Grand Total	40,452	25,171	2,151	430	1,002	1,561	841	257	3,247	840	75,952

TABLE SHOWING PERCENTAGES (W.C.s SHARED AND NOT SHARED) ALSO BURGH TOTAL PERCENTAGES

WARD	NO. OF HOUSES SHARING W.C.s	W.C. OUT NOT SHARED	W.C. IN NOT SHARED	TOTAL
1	26.24	2.94	70.82	100%
2	1.56	0.31	98.13	100%
3	30.30	1.33	68.37	100%
4	32.43	2.71	64.86	100%
5	17.63	1.00	81.37	100%
6	34.15	2.33	63.52	100%
7	26.33	3.23	70.44	100%
8	1.12	1.28	97.60	100%
9	0.66	0.60	98.74	100%
Burgh Total Percent- ages	15.60	1.57	82.83	100%

TABLE GIVING DETAILS AS TO DISTRIBUTION OF WORKING POPULATION IN THE VARIOUS INDUSTRIES ETC.

INDUSTRY	WARD 1		WARD 2		WARD 3		WARD 4		WARD 5		WARD 6		WARD 7		WARD 8		WARD 9		TOTALS			GRAND TOTALS
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	F	
Shipbuilding	1,098	23	656	15	508	20	371	12	634	21	427	16	314	22	193	10	1,551	42	5,752	181		5,933
Marine Engineering	221	4	285	3	240	10	196	6	327	14	133	8	139	8	156	12	696	32	2,443	97		2,540
Vehicles	—	1	17	1	5	—	9	—	19	1	21	4	13	2	38	4	45	3	167	16		183
Precision Instruments and Jewellery	20	2	29	9	26	1	34	6	54	12	57	18	47	13	61	16	251	81	579	158		737
Metal Goods	14	9	13	7	20	9	24	8	10	6	21	13	13	4	20	3	27	8	162	67		229
Metal Manufacture	55	16	53	18	12	2	18	3	62	26	29	4	21	5	27	10	201	68	478	152		630
Chemical and Allied Trades	1	—	4	2	5	1	10	1	10	2	2	—	2	—	8	1	13	4	55	11		66
Textiles	39	399	23	195	12	51	13	42	54	262	13	48	11	15	73	36	109	399	347	1,357		1,704
Clothing	1	10	1	7	11	50	9	52	1	4	21	77	14	43	5	6	21	66	84	315		399
Food, Drink and Tobacco	57	41	71	73	18	16	46	19	72	50	49	26	21	15	62	25	240	114	686	379		1,015
Leather, Leather Goods and Fur	9	4	15	6	6	—	5	—	6	3	6	1	1	—	7	1	20	4	75	19		94
Paper and Printing	5	2	10	6	4	1	10	1	12	—	15	5	5	4	22	4	33	13	116	36		152
Building and Contracting	245	—	171	—	82	3	438	5	245	1	172	1	116	2	114	7	600	8	1,883	27		1,910
Totals c/fd.	1,765	424	1,548	342	919	164	883	155	1,506	402	1,016	221	717	433	786	135	3,807	842	12,777	2845		15,592

TABLE GIVING DETAILS AS TO DISTRIBUTION OF WORKING POPULATION IN THE VARIOUS INDUSTRIES ETC.
(Contd.)

INDUSTRY	WARD 1		WARD 2		WARD 3		WARD 4		WARD 5		WARD 6		WARD 7		WARD 8		WARD 9		TOTALS		GRAND TOTALS
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
b/d.	1,765	421	1,348	342	949	164	883	155	1,506	402	1,016	221	717	133	786	135	3,807	842	12,777	2,815	15,592
Gas, Electricity and Water	83	1	38	3	38	3	28	1	62	2	36	3	23	6	29	11	113	15	450	45	495
Transport and Communication	313	56	268	55	177	28	179	21	303	35	264	39	168	20	185	15	777	99	2,634	368	3,002
Distributive Trades	102	134	83	132	80	134	94	148	138	208	125	187	105	151	153	122	331	569	1,922	1,785	3,007
Insurance, Banking and Finance	1	4	16	3	8	—	12	3	21	8	7	2	17	4	95	19	42	14	219	57	276
Public Administration and Defence	132	11	131	21	136	29	168	45	209	30	233	58	170	75	209	73	736	122	2,124	464	2,588
Professional Services	8	18	18	48	19	25	15	48	18	43	12	97	38	87	344	322	119	280	591	968	1,559
General Clerical Workers	12	46	28	119	9	42	4	11	13	65	10	23	15	49	22	103	29	171	142	629	771
Agriculture and Forestry	27	7	10	—	13	2	14	1	23	3	9	1	8	1	21	5	62	10	187	30	217
Mining and Quarrying	19	2	17	3	—	—	9	6	29	5	12	2	5	—	18	10	113	19	222	47	269
Bricks, Fireclay, Glass and Cement	—	—	9	1	3	—	1	1	6	—	3	—	3	1	2	—	3	—	30	3	33
Sugar Refining	44	12	51	27	30	8	50	9	164	49	75	11	70	15	55	12	219	80	758	223	981
Miscellaneous	132	154	91	77	98	67	71	46	119	125	88	54	102	63	102	113	253	301	1,056	1,000	2,056
Total	2,638	866	2,108	831	1,569	502	1,528	495	2,611	975	1,890	698	1,441	605	2,023	940	6,004	2,522	22,412	8,434	30,846

TABLE SHOWING LOCUS OF WORK OF WORKING POPULATION

AREA	WARD 1		WARD 2		WARD 3		WARD 4		WARD 5		WARD 6		WARD 7		WARD 8		WARD 9		TOTAL		GRAND TOTALS
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
Greenock	1,658	532	1,627	677	1,236	412	1,270	436	2,116	866	1,580	622	1,215	530	1,594	789	5,312	2,228	17,008	7,092	24,700
Port Glasgow	658	261	225	89	132	44	85	26	172	51	100	29	67	27	94	41	471	133	2,004	701	2,705
Gourock	20	4	13	10	22	8	15	6	16	10	17	7	9	9	16	12	64	27	192	93	285
Langbank	1	2	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	5	9
Largs	3	3	1	—	1	3	1	—	1	—	4	1	3	3	—	1	5	3	19	14	33
Bishopston	58	13	46	11	37	6	31	1	54	5	40	4	17	8	10	4	125	17	418	69	487
Paisley	20	7	17	8	13	7	9	3	16	5	15	8	15	6	25	9	43	17	173	70	243
Johnstone	6	1	—	—	4	—	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	14	—	30	1	31
Renfrew	14	3	13	7	7	1	4	1	7	1	9	3	6	1	12	3	26	6	98	26	124
Glasgow	97	12	66	10	54	8	45	9	85	9	69	10	42	11	150	49	180	40	788	158	946
Clydebank	1	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	1	4	1	1	—	12	2	14
Dumbarton	3	—	4	—	1	—	4	—	3	—	4	—	2	—	2	1	10	1	33	2	35
Alexandria	3	—	3	—	3	2	3	1	4	1	6	—	5	—	2	—	16	—	45	4	49
Totals c/d.	2,542	838	2,018	814	1,512	491	1,470	483	2,475	948	1,846	684	1,383	506	1,911	910	6,267	2,473	21,424	8,237	29,661

TABLE SHOWING LOCUS OF WORK OF WORKING POPULATION (Contd.)

Area	Ward 1		Ward 2		Ward 3		Ward 4		Ward 5		Ward 6		Ward 7		Ward 8		Ward 9		Total			Grand Totals
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
b. kl.	2,542	838	2,018	814	1,512	491	1,470	483	2,475	948	1,846	684	1,383	596	1,911	910	6,207	2,473	21,424	8,237	29,661	
Coatbridge	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	—	5	—	5	
Motherwell and Wishaw	2	—	1	—	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	9	1	10	
Hamilton	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	
Airdrie	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	
Barhead	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	4	1	5	
North Ayrshire	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	3	1	8	2	21	12	33	
Ardrossan and South	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	2	1	7	3	10	
Stirling Area	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	3	2	5	
Dunoon Area	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	4	2	9	3	12	
Gareloch Area	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	3	—	8	—	8	
Kilmacollm	1	7	2	—	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	—	—	1	—	4	2	—	12	17	29	
Bridge of Weir	3	10	5	10	—	4	1	4	4	3	1	2	—	1	2	6	10	4	26	44	70	
Miscellaneous	89	9	78	7	49	4	51	5	121	20	36	9	56	5	99	18	302	37	881	114	995	
Totals	2,638	866	2,108	831	1,569	502	1,528	495	2,611	975	1,890	698	1,441	605	2,023	940	6,604	2,522	22,412	8,434	30,846	

AGE GROUPING OF WORKING POPULATION WITHIN BURGH

WARD	MALES									FEMALES								
	15/24	25/34	35/44	45/54	55/59	60/64	65/74	75 +	Total	15/24	25/34	35/44	45/54	55/59	60/64	65/74	75 +	Total
1	414	419	315	257	119	58	69	7	1,658	285	83	70	62	26	2	4	—	532
2	462	233	259	338	142	85	90	18	1,627	401	77	86	68	30	12	3	—	677
3	203	327	250	210	100	72	67	7	1,236	171	70	71	63	24	11	2	—	412
4	209	250	255	235	123	97	89	12	1,270	141	85	69	80	35	20	6	—	436
5	475	453	404	363	172	132	99	18	2,116	373	147	144	111	52	27	9	3	866
6	303	355	268	298	137	109	105	5	1,580	284	104	96	96	19	16	7	—	622
7	146	248	261	251	124	103	67	15	1,215	150	75	107	110	45	29	13	1	530
8	184	223	360	442	148	122	102	13	1,594	148	136	140	181	93	58	31	2	789
9	1,306	962	1,215	1,106	356	211	143	13	5,312	1,261	324	285	239	82	28	8	1	2,928
Totals	3,702	3,470	3,587	3,500	1,421	989	831	108	17,608	3,214	1,101	1,068	1,010	406	203	83	7	7,092

AGE GROUPING OF WORKING POPULATION OUTWITH BURGH

WARD	MALES									FEMALES								
	15/24	25/34	35/44	45/54	55/59	60/64	65/74	75+	Total	15/24	25/34	35/44	45/54	55/59	60/64	65/74	75+	Total
1	239	289	183	163	44	36	20	6	980	198	47	47	30	11	—	1	—	334
2	149	89	98	86	23	18	16	2	481	85	25	23	16	2	2	—	1	154
3	68	98	80	50	19	13	5	—	333	37	19	9	15	5	2	2	1	90
4	38	84	62	37	18	11	8	—	258	14	14	15	13	2	—	1	—	59
5	121	143	101	71	23	22	11	3	495	47	23	23	8	6	1	1	—	109
6	51	98	66	45	19	19	12	—	310	23	16	16	12	8	—	1	—	76
7	32	59	66	31	16	13	9	—	226	25	18	12	13	6	1	—	—	75
8	52	100	113	94	31	23	13	3	429	46	40	23	22	12	4	4	—	151
9	365	301	308	204	62	35	16	1	1,292	167	53	47	21	3	2	1	—	294
Totals	1,115	1,261	1,077	781	255	190	110	15	4,804	642	255	215	150	55	12	11	2	1,342

TABLE RELATING TO NON-EMPLOYED MEMBERS
OF THE POPULATION

WARD	NO. OF NON-EMPLOYED PERSONS OF THE POPULATION		
	Housewives	Students	Scholars
1	2,071	8	2,095
2	1,450	18	1,271
3	1,397	6	642
4	1,336	10	575
5	2,019	16	1,350
6	1,807	11	659
7	1,521	24	563
8	1,175	101	1,139
9	4,817	77	5,194
Total	17,593	271	13,488

TABLE SHOWING TYPE OF FACTORIES IN WARDS WITHIN
THE BURGH

TYPE OF FACTORY	WARD									TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Aerated Waters	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	3
Bakeries	1	1	1	2	1	7	6	—	—	19
Blacksmiths	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	4
Boatbuilders	2	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	6
Boot and Shoe Re- pairers	—	—	1	2	1	4	3	—	—	11
Beer Bottlers	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
Butchers	4	3	3	8	1	17	5	1	—	42
Building Trades	—	—	1	2	—	4	4	—	—	11
Contractors: Building	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	2	—	5
Cycle Repairers	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	3
Cabinet Makers	1	1	1	1	—	5	6	1	—	16
Chemical Mnfrs.	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	2
Dentists	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	4
Distillers	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Engineering (Heavy and Light)	3	1	2	6	1	3	4	5	—	25
Firewood Merchants	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3
Garage	4	—	1	2	3	1	7	4	1	23
Grain Millers	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	3
Ice Cream Mnfrs.	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	3
Laundries	1	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	1	7
Metal Merchants	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
Milk Pasteurisation Plants	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	2
Printers	—	—	—	1	1	2	5	—	—	9
Photographers	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	2
Radio and Electrical Works	—	—	—	2	—	1	2	—	—	5
Rope and Hemp Makers	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	3
Restaurants and Pre- pared Foods	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2
Sack Merchants	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
Sugar Refiners etc.	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	2
Textiles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tailors, Milliners and Dressmakers	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	—	—	11
Vehicle Body Builders	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2
Monumental Sculp- tors	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	2
Plumbing	—	—	—	1	1	3	4	—	—	9
Potato Crisp Mnfrs.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Piano Repairs	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Upholstery	—	—	—	2	1	—	3	—	—	6
Wooden boxes, bar- rels and tins	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	3
Miscellaneous	7	1	7	3	3	9	7	2	—	39
Total	26	11	20	50	19	74	75	17	4	296

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND TYPE OF RETAIL SHOPS
WITHIN THE BURGH WHERE ONE TRADE ONLY IS CARRIED ON

TYPE OF SHOP	WARDS									TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
<i>Food Shops—</i>										
Hucksters	6	2	14	10	5	7	13	8	3	68
Grocers	11	8	18	8	4	22	11	8	20	110
Butchers	4	3	6	9	5	20	9	2	6	64
Bakers	1	1	4	4	2	9	9	—	2	32
Fishmongers	—	—	2	2	—	8	4	—	—	16
Fruiterers	1	1	3	7	—	14	10	1	2	39
Confectioners	1	—	—	3	1	9	12	4	—	30
Milk	3	2	5	4	15	10	11	2	6	58
Cooked Meats	—	—	—	—	4	1	1	—	—	6
Fish and Chips	4	3	4	2	2	4	5	—	5	29
Ice Cream	2	1	2	7	—	6	9	1	2	30
Licensed Grocers	—	—	—	3	—	2	5	—	—	10
Public Houses	2	—	8	14	5	17	10	—	—	56
Bacon Curers	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	2
Caterers	3	—	—	4	—	2	2	—	—	11
Off Licence Prem.	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	3
<i>General—</i>										
Chemists	—	—	3	5	—	6	6	2	2	24
Drapers	2	1	4	11	—	9	4	1	1	33
Dry Cleaners	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	8
Boot and Shoe Shops	—	—	1	1	—	14	4	—	—	20
Radios	—	—	1	—	—	6	5	—	—	12
Department Stores	—	—	—	2	—	6	—	—	—	8
Outfitters	—	—	—	—	—	17	16	—	—	33
Furniture	—	—	—	2	—	3	5	—	—	10
Hairdressers	4	—	3	6	1	10	9	2	—	35
Fancy Goods	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—	4
Florists	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2
Newsagents	1	1	2	9	2	10	1	1	—	27
Stationers and Printers	—	—	—	1	1	1	4	—	—	7
Music Sellers	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Opticians	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	—	—	6
Paints and Wall- paper	—	—	—	5	—	4	9	—	—	18
Post Offices	2	—	2	1	—	1	3	1	1	11
Jewellers	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	—	3
Boot and Shoe Re- pairs	—	—	1	3	1	2	6	—	1	14
Glass and China	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Antiques	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Cycles and Wireless	—	—	—	2	—	2	1	—	—	5
Saddlers	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Seed Merchants	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	3
Gas Filling Station	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	3
Bill Poster	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Brokers	4	—	1	3	2	4	2	—	—	16
Umbrella Mnfrs.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
Milliners	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	3
Marble Workers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Carry Forward</i>	52	23	86	133	51	239	208	33	51	876

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER AND TYPE OF RETAIL SHOPS
WITHIN THE BURGH WHERE ONE TRADE ONLY IS CARRIED ON

TYPE OF SHOP	WARDS									TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
<i>Brought Forward</i>	52	23	86	133	51	239	208	33	51	876
Dental Laboratory	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Electricians	—	—	—	1	—	2	1	2	—	6
Fretwork	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
Ironmongers	—	—	2	5	—	5	2	—	—	14
Tobacconists	—	—	—	4	—	3	6	—	1	14
Photographers	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	3
Dressmakers	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Linoleum & Carpets	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	4
Leather Goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
Wool & Needlework	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	7
Motor Veh. & parts	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	1	—	7
Fireplaces and Plumbers' Goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	3
Travel Agents	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	3
Total	52	23	88	145	51	254	242	36	52	943

